SAFETY DATA SHEET
VAP-X

Section 1. IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Description: VAP-X
Other Means of Identification: Organophosphate Insecticide
CAS Number.: Mixture
EPA Registration. No. 8536-41

Date: May 11, 2017

SDS No.: 501-USA-CPP

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixtures and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use: Insecticide
Uses Advised Against: Use only in accordance with label instructions
Not for use or storage in or around residential sites

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company: Cardinal Professional Products
PO Box 782
Hollister, CA 95024
Telephone M-F, 8:00-4:30 PDT: 800-548-2223
SDS & Product Information, 8:00-4:30 PDT: 800-548-2223 or 831-637-0195
E-mail: sds@cardinalproproducts.com

1.4 Emergency Telephone Numbers

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY (Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident)
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night
Within USA and Canada: 800-424-9300
Outside USA and Canada: +1-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)
Poisson Control Center: 800-222-1222

NOTE TO PESTICIDE HANDLERS: If the pesticide product end-use labeling contains specific instructions, requirements, or information that conflict with the requirements of the Worker Protection Standard or with this Safety Data Sheet (SDS), follow the instructions, requirements, or information on the end-use labeling. If there is a conflict between specific instructions or requirements in the Worker Protection Standard and this SDS, follow the instructions or requirements of the Worker Protection Standard. See Section 15 of this SDS for further information.

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

- Flammable Liquid, Category 3 - H226
- Acute Toxicity, Category 3 (dermal) - H311
- Acute Toxicity, Category 4 (oral) - H302
- Acute Toxicity, Category 3 (inhalation) - H331
- Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - H315
- Eye Damage/Irritation, Category 2B - H320
- Skin Sensitization, Category 1 - H317
- Aspiration Hazard, Category 2 - H305
- Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute, Category 1 - H400
- Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Chronic, Category 1 - H410

When CO₂ is added to the product cylinder at time of application, this product is further classified as:
- Gases Under Pressure (Liquefied Gas) - H280
2.2 GHS Label Elements

Additionally classify the product with gas under pressure when CO₂ is added to product cylinder at time of application.

**Signal Word:** DANGER

### Hazard Statements

- Flammable liquid and vapors. H226
- Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled. H311+H331
- Harmful if swallowed. H302
- Causes skin and eye irritation. H315+H320
- May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317
- May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. H305
- Very toxic to aquatic life. H400
- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410

When CO₂ is added at time of application, this product is further classified as:

- Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H280

### Precautionary Statements

#### Prevention

- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking. P210
- Keep container tightly closed. P233
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280
- Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P261
- Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. P264
- Avoid eating, drinking, or smoking when using this product. P270
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P272

#### Response

- In case of fire: Use foam, dry chemical or CO₂ extinguisher, water spray (fog) to extinguish. P370+378
- IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash with plenty of water and soap. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P303+361+353+352+364
- If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P333+313
- IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse Mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. P301+310+330+331
- IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P304+340
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P305+355+338
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P337+313:
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P312
- Collect spillage. P391

#### Storage

- Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P410+403+235
- Keep container tightly closed. P233
- Store locked up. P405

#### Disposal

- Dispose of contents and container in accordance with government regulations. (See Section 13). P501

### 2.3 Other Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

- Exposure to CO₂ gas can cause skin frostbite.
### Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Identity</th>
<th>Synonyms</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>% Weight/Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimethyl 2,2-Dichlorovinyl Phosphate</td>
<td>Dichlorvos, DDVP</td>
<td>62-73-7</td>
<td>8.0*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates and Aromatic Naphtha Solvent Blend</td>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>90.0 – 91.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphthalene</td>
<td></td>
<td>91-20-3</td>
<td>0.60 – 1.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumene</td>
<td></td>
<td>98-82-8</td>
<td>0.12 – 0.60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A gas under pressure is added to the product cylinder at time of pesticide application:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Carbon Dioxide</th>
<th>CO₂</th>
<th>124-38-9</th>
<th>Varies with application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

* % Active ingredient nominal.

### Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

**General Advice**

**SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING**

**Inhalation**

IF INHALED:
- Remove to fresh air.
- If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
- If breathing difficult, give oxygen.
- Get medical attention immediately.

**Eyes**

IF IN EYES:
- Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes; then continue rinsing eyes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Skin**

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice.

**Ingestion**

IF SWALLOWED:
- Call a poison control center or physician immediately for treatment advice.
- Do not give any liquid to the person.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or physician.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Protection of First Aiders and Medical Personnel**

Review the pesticide label for additional information.

#### 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

- May be fatal if absorbed through skin.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Causes moderate eye irritation.
- May cause allergic skin reaction.
- Acetyl cholinesterase inhibitor (Dichlorvos)
- Aspiration pneumonia hazard

#### 4.3 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention or Special Treatment

- Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia hazard.
- This product contains an organophosphate insecticide. Do not wait for laboratory confirmation to treat patients with strong clinical evidence of poisoning (i.e. atropine for cholinesterase inhibition).
Section 5. **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 **Extinguishing Media**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable Extinguishing Media</th>
<th>Foam, dry chemical or CO₂ extinguisher, water spray (fog)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</td>
<td>Direct water stream</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.2 **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical including Hazardous Combustion Products**

- Do not use or store near heat or open flame.
- Do not apply this product in or on electrical equipment, due to the possibility of ignition or shock hazard.

| Hazardous Combustion Products | Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen chloride, phosphorus oxides sulfur oxides. |

5.3 **Advice for Fire Fighters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special Protective Equipment</th>
<th>Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full turnout gear for fire situations.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Precautions for Fire Fighters | Stay upwind.  
|                              | Do not breathe vapors. 
|                              | Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. 
|                              | Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. |

Section 6. **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

6.1 **Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures**

- While wearing personal protective equipment, evacuate personnel and ventilate area.  
- Extinguish or remove all sources of potential ignition. 
- If indoors, ventilate area of spill.  
- Soak up with absorbent material, such as sand, sawdust, earth or fuller’s earth, and discard with chemical wastes. 
- After clean-up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using.

6.2 **Environmental Precautions**

- Do not allow spilled or leaking material to enter drains, sewers, or waterways. 
- Prevent entry into basements and other confined areas.

6.3 **Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up**

- Stop leak if without risk. Dike the spilled material where possible with sand, earth, or vermiculite.

6.4 **Other Information**

Refer to protective measures listed in Section 8. For disposal, see Section 13.

Note: Release of 18.8 gallons or more of this product means 10 pounds or more of Dichlorvos has been released and is therefore reportable to the National Response Center and may be reportable to local and state regulators.

Section 7. **HANDLING AND STORAGE**

7.1 **Precautions for Safe Handling**

This product is a highly hazardous material and must be handled with care only by those individuals experienced with its proper use. IF THIS PRODUCT IS BEING APPLIED AND THE INFORMATION IN THIS SDS DIFFERS FROM THAT ON THE END USE LABELING FOR THIS PRODUCT, THE HANDLER MUST FOLLOW THE PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS ON THE END USE LABELING. 

- Take prudent precautions to avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. 
- Take prudent precautions to avoid breathing vapors and/or spray mists of this product. 
- Wear PPE in accordance with the label (See Section 8). Leather or other abrasion resistant gloves can be worn when handling or moving closed and capped cylinders containing this product.
- Mechanical ventilation should be used when handling this product in enclosed spaces.
- Do not drop, drag, slide or roll cylinders on their sides.
- Ropes, slings, hooks, tongs, and similar handling devices should not be used for unloading cylinders. A suitable hand truck, fork truck, or similar device to which the cylinders can be firmly secured should be used for transporting the heavier cylinders.
- Keep valves closed and secured with the valve cap, when the cylinder is not in use or is empty. Only hand-tighten valves and caps.
- Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove caps that are over-tightened or rusted. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screw driver) into cap openings.
- Do not contaminate water, food, or feedstuffs by storage, handling, or disposal.
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials. See Section 10 for specific materials to avoid.
- Always have adequate clean water available to wash the skin.
- Keep away from heat, sparks, or open flame.
- This product contains petroleum distillates, for which there is the potential for electrostatic accumulation. Proper grounding procedures should be used when transferring this material. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment in accordance with the National Electrical Code as appropriate for hazardous atmospheres. Use only non-sparking tools if potential for flammable atmosphere.
- Wash hands and face before eating, drinking, or smoking after handling material. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Read and observe all precautions and instructions on the label.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
- Cylinders and containers should be tightly closed, and stored upright in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area under lock and key (secured).
- Keep away from heat, open flame, and/or ignition sources.
- Post as a pesticide storage area.
- Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, handling, or disposal.

7.3 Specific End Uses
Use only in accordance with the product’s end use label.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR Dichlorvos (CAS 62-73-7)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
<th>NOTE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values (TLVs)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³</td>
<td>0.01 ppm Skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Basis of TLV is Cholinesterase Inhibition)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US OSHA, Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants, 29 CFR 1910.1000,</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1.0 mg/m³</td>
<td>0.1 ppm Skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permissible Exposure Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US NIOSH, Recommended Exposure Limits</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1.0 mg/m³</td>
<td>0.1 ppm Skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US NIOSH, Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health</td>
<td>IDLH</td>
<td>100 mg/m³</td>
<td>11 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Monitoring Methods

Dichlorvos Conversion: 1 ppm = 9.02 mg/m³ @ 25 °C

8.2 Exposure/Engineering Controls

General Hygiene:
- Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
- Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, drinking, smoking, and using the toilet.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Use personal protective equipment as required.
- Keep working clothes separate.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke or apply cosmetics when using this product.
Provide easy access to adequate water supply for eye flushing or skin decontamination in the work area. For field handling and application situations, refer to the pesticide end-use label for emergency water requirements.

Mechanical ventilation should be used when handling this product in enclosed spaces. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary.

**INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES**

**Eyes/Face**

Take prudent precautions to avoid contact with eyes.

Wear protective eyewear when handling.

To protect against exposure to CO₂ when transferring between cylinders, wear:

- a face shield worn over safety glasses with side shields, or
- a full-facepiece respirator

**Skin**

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt,
- long pants,
- shoes and socks, and
- chemical-resistant gloves.

Note: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, Polyvinyl Chloride or Viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category “C” on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

**Respiratory**

**NOTE:**

Only respirators certified (approved) to meet NIOSH Standards shall be used for Respiratory Protection

WHEN APPLYING AS A PESTICIDE, FOLLOW THE END-USE PESTICIDE LABEL INSTRUCTIONS FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

For pesticide application (the instructions in this section are extracted from the product’s end-use label):

Wear a NIOSH-approved respirator with:

- an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a pre-filter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C) or,
- a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number TC-14G) or,
- an organic-vapor-removing cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE pre-filter.

**FOR NON-PESTICIDE APPLICATION INHALATION EXPOSURE SCENARIOS**

- For IDLH (11 ppm) – Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health:
  - A full facepiece pressure demand SCBA certified for a minimum service life of thirty minutes.
  - A combination full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

- For emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations:
  - A full facepiece pressure demand SCBA certified for a minimum service life of thirty minutes.
  - A combination full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

- For escape*
  - Air-purifying respirator equipped with full facepiece and an organic vapor cartridge.
  - Any air-purifying hood style CBRN escape-certified respirator.
  - Air-purifying respirator with canisters that include the escape gas mask (canister) respirator, the gas mask (canister) respirator, and the filter self-rescuer.
  - Any self-contained breathing apparatus with hood or full-facepiece mask.
  
  *Respirators certified “escape only” can only be used for escape purposes and CANNOT be used for responding to emergencies.

**PERSONAL PROTECTION FOR SPILLS/EMERGENCY**

**Fire**

If fire only, use normal fire-fighting equipment. If chemical releases and fire involved, wear recommended chemical protective clothing in conjunction with fire-fighting gear.

**Spills**

Minimum PPE: Full facepiece air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge and chemical resistant gloves. Upgrade respiratory protection in accordance with the “Respiratory” section above.

**Chemical Protective Clothing**

- For small cleanup where liquid splash is unlikely, a liquid impervious chemical coverall with booties and head cover should be worn, for example, Tyvek® QC or Saranex™ SL.
- For cleanup, where liquid splash or contact is likely, wear a Level B suit made of a material such as Tychem® BR.
In confined areas or areas where substantial vapor levels exist, use a DuPont™ Responder® level suit or equivalent for use against permeation.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Petroleum-like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>3.89 (as a 1% w/w solution)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Range</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C)</td>
<td>54.5 °C (130.1 °F) Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Combustible Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability Limits in air, Upper % by volume</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability Limits in air, Lower % by volume</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density (g/cm³) (Specific Gravity)</td>
<td>0.801 @ 20 °C (68 °F) H₂O = 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density @ 20 °C</td>
<td>6.67 lbs. / gal. (water = 8.33 lbs/gal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Insoluble in water. Mostly soluble in oil (Product is miscible with aromatic hydrocarbons and is not miscible with aliphatics)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>1.688 centistokes @ 20° C (kinematic)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2 Other Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% Volatile</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

- Hazardous polymerization is not known to occur.

10.2 Chemical Stability

- Product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

- No information available.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

- Exposure to heat or flame from fire

10.5 Incompatible Materials

- May react with strong acids, bases, or other strong oxidizing materials.
10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

- Thermal decomposition in the presence of air may yield acrid smoke. Hydrogen chloride, phosphorus oxide, and carbon oxides.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

#### Product Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GHS Category</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GHS Category 4 (Oral)</td>
<td>550 mg/kg</td>
<td>Acute Oral LD$_{50}$ Rat (of body weight in female rats), 14 day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GHS Category 3 (Dermal)</td>
<td>853.4 mg/kg</td>
<td>Acute Dermal LD$_{50}$ Rat (of body weight in female rats) (between 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg (of body weight in male rats) 24 hour, 14 day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GHS Category 3 (Inhalation)</td>
<td>&gt;2.1 mg/L</td>
<td>Acute Inhalation LC$_{50}$ rat (nose only, male and female rats), 4 hour, 14 day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Skin Corrosion / Irritation</th>
<th>Category 2</th>
<th>Severe irritation to skin of rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Serious Eye Damage / Irritation</td>
<td>Category 2B</td>
<td>Mildly irritating to eye of rabbit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irritation to Respiratory Tract</td>
<td></td>
<td>May cause respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory or Skin Sensitization</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Predictive tests in animals demonstrate that dichlorvos causes skin sensitization (NIOSH Skin Notation Profiles, 04/2017)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Signs & Symptoms of Exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sign</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>May cause skin irritation. Symptoms include redness and burning of skin. May cause allergic skin reaction. Passage of this product into the body through the skin is possible, and may result in decreased activity of cholinergic activity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes</td>
<td>May cause mild eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Swallowing this material may be harmful or fatal. Swallowing this product may result in an aspiration hazard, as it can enter the lungs and cause damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Breathing this material may be harmful or fatal. Symptoms include respiratory tract irritation, vomiting, diarrhea, cough, difficult breathing, shortness of breath, central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness, and other nervous system effects). Symptoms are not expected at air concentrations below recommended exposure limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signs &amp; Symptoms of Cholinesterase Inhibition due to Dichlorvos</td>
<td>Cholinesterase inhibitors can cause eye pain, dim or blurred vision, lachrymation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, heavy salivation and secretion in the lungs, involuntary defecation, diarrhea, tremor, incoordination, weakness, ataxia, hypothermia, lowered heart rate, and/or a fall in blood pressure, and unconsciousness as a result of their action at cholinergic nerve sites.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Chronic Effects

- Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause dermatitis. Symptoms include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin, skin burns, and other skin damage.

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity – single exposure

- No data available

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity – repeated exposure

- Repeated-Dose Toxicity:
  - Exposure to the petroleum components in this product has been found to cause kidney damage in male rats but is not expected to occur in humans.
  - Overexposure to the petroleum components in this product has been suggested as the cause of the following effects in laboratory animals – central nervous system damage, cardiovascular effects.
  - Overexposure to the solvent components in this product has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans – cataracts, eye damage.

#### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

- Negative results based on available data
### Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Data status</th>
<th>Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dichlorvos</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumene</td>
<td>Group 2B IARC</td>
<td>Possibly carcinogenic to humans (1991)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Listed: NTP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Listed: OSHA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A4 ACGIH</td>
<td>Not classifiable as a human carcinogen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphthalene</td>
<td>Group 2B IARC</td>
<td>Possibly carcinogenic to humans (2002)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not Listed: NTP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen (2004)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reproductive Toxicity

- Negative results based on available data

### Aspiration Hazard

- GHS Category 2
  - If swallowed, aspiration potential is presumed based on petroleum constituents of product.

### Interactive Effects

- Data not available

### Neurotoxicity

- Data not available for product.
- Dichlorvos - Delayed neuropathy observed in chickens (staggered gait)

### Confirmation of Exposure

- No specific biological exposure indicator (BEI) for Dichlorvos. BEI for Acetylcholinesterase Inhibiting Pesticides, which is based on decreased cholinesterase activity in red blood cells.

## Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Aquatic Toxicity

- No data available for product.
- Mixture Components Summation Method – GHS Acute Category 1
  - Petroleum Distillates component
    - Based on available data, does not meet classification criteria
  - Dichlorvos component
    - Acute Category 1 \( LC_{50} = 0.27 \text{ mg/L}, 96 \text{ hr}, \text{ Bluegill} \)
    - Acute Category 1 \( EC_{50} = 0.000144 \text{ mg/L}, 48 \text{ hr}, \text{ Daphnia} \)
  - Aromatic solvent component
    - Acute Category 1 \( EC_{50} = 0.95 \text{ mg/L}, 48 \text{ hr}, \text{ Daphnia} \)
  - Naphthalene component
    - Acute Category 2 \( LC_{50} = 6.08 \text{ mg/L}, 96 \text{ hr}, \text{ Fathead minnow} \)
  - Cumene component
    - Acute Category 2 \( EC_{50} = 2.6 \text{ mg/L}, 72 \text{ hr}, \text{ Algae} \)

#### Long Term Ecotoxicity

- Not available for product.
- Mixture Components Summation Method - GHS Long Term Category 1
  - 12% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown chronic hazards to the aquatic environment.
  - Dichlorvos component
    - GHS Long Term Cat 1 \( NOEC = 0.000120 \text{ mg/L}, 21 \text{ day}, \text{ Daphnia} \)
    - GHS Long Term Cat 2 \( NOEC = 0.070 \text{ mg/L}, 28 \text{ day}, \text{ Fathead minnow} \)

#### Terrestrial Toxicity

- No data available for product
- Dichlorvos
  - Toxic to bees and frogs

### 12.2 Persistence and Biodegradability (Environmental Fate)

- No data available for product
- Dichlorvos is considered biodegradable in aerobic and anaerobic conditions.
12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential
- No data available for product
- Dichlorvos bioaccumulation is considered low.

12.4 Mobility in Soil
- Data not available for product.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPBT Assessment
- No data available for assessment

12.6 Other Adverse Effects
- This product may be toxic to fish, birds, bees, frogs, and other wildlife.

12.7 Additional Information – none

### Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cylinder Management</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cylinders containing VAP-X should be returned according to instructions on the product label.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When the cylinder is empty, close valve, screw safety cap tightly onto valve outlet, and replace protection bonnet.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not ship cylinders without safety caps or valve protection bonnets.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return all empty cylinders to Cardinal Professional Products.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If a cylinder is partially full and there is no further requirement for the product, contact the distributor for return instructions.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Safe Handling</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do not apply directly to water.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disposal of Product</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pesticide wastes are acutely toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of local, state, and national regulations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, a Hazardous Waste representative, or the product manufacturer or distributor for guidance.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Container Disposal</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Containers are the property of the registrant or distributor and must be returned promptly after use for refilling or for disposal.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13.2 Additional Information – None

### Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**ADR, IMDG, US DOT, IATA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14.1 UN Number</th>
<th>UN 3018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name</td>
<td>Organophosphorus pesticide(s), liquid, toxic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing Group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Environmental Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Marine Pollutant</th>
<th>Hazardous Substance</th>
<th>Reportable Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Toxicity</td>
<td>Yes, Aquatic</td>
<td>RQ = 10 lbs (Dichlorvos)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes (Dichlorvos)</td>
<td>RQ = 100 lbs (Naphthalene)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Release of 18.8 gallons or more of this product means 10 pounds or more of Dichlorvos has been released and is therefore reportable to the National Response Center.

### Special Precautions

Cylinders must be secured against all movement during transport. Keep markings or labels on package until cleaned and purged of residue. For cylinders, ensure valve is closed and safety cap(s) and valve protection are in place prior to transport.

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

### IATA

Cargo and Passenger - Packing Instruction 655, Max Net Qty/Pkg: 60L
Cargo only – Packing Instruction 663, Max Net Qty/PKG: 220L

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## Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Regulatory Information

#### U.S. FEDERAL

**FIFRA**

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under US federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

**WARNING**

- Combustible
- Contains Petroleum Distillate.
- May be fatal if absorbed through the skin.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Causes moderate eye irritation

**OSHA**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### U.S. FEDERAL (continued)

(CERCLA - Superfund): (SARA Title III)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section 302.4 (RQ)</th>
<th>Dichlorvos, CAS 62-73-7 (10 lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Section 302, EHS (TPQ)</td>
<td>Dichlorvos, CAS 62-73-7 (1,000 lbs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section 311/312 (Tier II)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SARA Hazard Codes</td>
<td>Product – Immediate Hazard, Fire Hazard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section 313</td>
<td>This product contains the following EPCRA section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of EPCRA section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372):</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Registry Number</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% by Weight</th>
<th>%de Minimus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>62-73-7</td>
<td>Dichlorvos</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91-20-3</td>
<td>Naphthalene</td>
<td>0.6 – 1.2</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TSCA Inventory List, Section 8(b): All components in this product are listed

STATE

Components in this product can be found on the following state right-to-know lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>State(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dichlorvos</td>
<td>62-73-7</td>
<td>New Jersey, Pennsylvania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphthalene</td>
<td>91-20-3</td>
<td>New Jersey, Pennsylvania</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumene</td>
<td>98-82-8</td>
<td>New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Proposition 65 Component:
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Dichlorvos   CAS  62-73-7 New Jersey, Pennsylvania
Naphthalene  CAS  91-20-3 New Jersey, Pennsylvania
Cumene       CAS  98-82-8 New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

No component is listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this product by the supplier.

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Version 4 Date: May 11, 2017

Revision History:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>04-07-14</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Original version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-10-14</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Changed emergency phone number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-10-14</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Added NFPA information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01-27-15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Added e-mail address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-11-17</td>
<td>2, 4, &amp; 11</td>
<td>Updated GHS Classification and Toxicological Information to reflect skin sensitization designation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NFPA Hazard Scale: 0 - Minimal  1 - Slight  2 - Moderate  3 - Serious  4 - Severe

Abbreviations and Acronyms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>European Agreement concerning the Internal Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS</td>
<td>Chemical Abstracts Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBRN</td>
<td>Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CERCLA</td>
<td>Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability, Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFR</td>
<td>Code of Federal Regulations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOT</td>
<td>Department of Transportation (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Half Maximal Effective Concentration - concentration of a material in water, a single dose which is expected to cause a biological effect on 50% of a group of test species.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPCRA</td>
<td>Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIFRA</td>
<td>Federal Fungicide, Insecticide, and Rodenticide Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>International Agency for Research on Cancer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDLH</td>
<td>Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health - the maximum airborne concentration from which one could escape [within 30 minutes] without any escape-impairing symptoms or any irreversible health</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Key Literature References and Sources of Data:

- Toxnet – Toxicology Data Network, United States National Library of Medicine
- The International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) – Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)
- Manufacturer pesticide registration data for US EPA

### Warranty

Notice: The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. Seller warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use. In no way shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages, however arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.