**Contains pyrethins—a botanical insecticide derived from chrysanthemums**

- Fast acting
- Kills more than 140 insects
- For indoor and outdoor production
- For use in food handling, processing and storage areas

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pyrethrins, a botanical insecticide</td>
<td>5.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER INGREDIENTS</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Apply this product only as specified on this label.
- Do not contaminate food or feedstuffs.
- Do not use product directly on domestic (companion) animals (dogs, cats, puppies or kittens).
- Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.
- Do not make applications during rain.
- Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.
- Do not enter or allow to enter until vapors, and mists, and/or aerosols have dispersed, and the treated area has been thoroughly ventilated.
- When used indoors as a crack-and-crevice, surface, or space spray application. Remove or cover exposed food and drinking water before application. Remove or cover dishes, utensils, food processing equipment and food preparation surfaces or wash them before use.

- When used in indoor food handling/processing facilities. Do not make space spray applications when the facility is in operation. Prior to space spray applications, cover or remove exposed food. Prior to space spray applications, cover food processing surfaces or clean after treatment and before use.
- When used in dairy barns or facilities: Close milk bulk tank lids to prevent contamination from spray and from dead or falling insects. Remove or cover milking utensils before application. Wash teats of animals before milking.
- When applying as an outdoor surface and space spray application. All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses: (1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures; (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation; and (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only.
- Do not wet plants to the point of run-off or drip.
- Remove pets, birds and cover fish aquariums before application.
- For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency for pesticide regulation.
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR, Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants;

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton;

Shoes plus socks.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency for pesticide regulation.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR, Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

Wear protective clothing when using or handling this product to help avoid exposure to eyes and skin. Eye protection, gloves, a long-sleeved shirt and long pants are recommended.

Allow spray to dry before allowing adults, children or pets on treated areas.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

INDOOR AREAS for use in and around:

Aircraft (not aircraft cabins)
Animal Areas and Quarters
Animal Control Centers
Animal Shelters
Apartments
Arcades
Assisted Living Facilities
Attics
Auditoriums
Bakeries
Bars
Basements
Bathrooms
Beverage Plants
Boats
Bottling Plants
Breweries
Brewery Warehouses
Buildings
Buses
Cabinets
Cabins
Cafeterias
Campers
Canneries
Casinos
Cattle Barns
Cattle Stalls
Churches
Circus Tents
City Missions
Classrooms
Closets
Club Houses
Coffee Shops
Colleges
Commercial Buildings
Communication Centers
Concession Stands
Condominiums
Court Houses
Crawl Spaces
Crematoriums
Dairies
Dairy Stalls and Holding Areas
Day Care Centers
Delicatessens
Department Stores
Diners
Dog Houses
Drugstores
Dumpsters
Dwellings
Egg Processing Plants
Factories
False Ceilings
Food Processing Plants
Food Storage Areas
Freight Containers
Frozen Food Plants
Fruit Packing Sheds
Funeral Parlors
Garages
Garbage Bins
Garbage Cans
Garbage Compactors
Garbage Trucks
Gas Stations
Grain Elevators
Grain Harvesting and Handling Equipment
Grain Mills
Granaries
Grocery Stores
Health Care Facilities
Herb Drying and Processing Facilities
Herb Warehouses
Homes
Horse Stables and Barns
Horse Trailers
Hospices
Hospitals
Hotels
Indoor Eating Establishments
Industrial Installations
Institution
Dining Areas
Institutions
Jails
Kernels
Laboratories
Laundromats
Lavatories
Libraries
Liquor Stores
Livestock Barns
Livestock Hauling Equipment
Loafing Sheds
Locker Rooms
Mausoleums
Meat Packing Plants
Mess Halls
Milk Rooms
Milking Parlors
Mills
Mini Storage
Mobile Canteens
Mobile Canteens
Mobile Homes
Morgues
Mortuaries
Motels
Movie Theaters
Museums
Mushroom Processing Areas
Nursing Homes
Office Buildings
Other Public Buildings
Parking Garages
Passenger Railroad Cars
Peaunt Warehouses
Pool Halls
Poultry Houses
Poultry Plants
Pounds
Prisons
Public Storage
Rabbit Processing Plants
Railroad Cars
Recreational Vehicles
Research Animal Quarters
Restaurants
Retail Stores
Rice Mills
Schools
Seed Production Facilities
Seed Warehouses
Ship Holds
Ships
Smoke Shops
Spice Plants
Spice Production Facilities
Sports Stadiums
Stables
Storage Bins (areas)
Storage or Processing Areas that contain Dried Fruit Products
Stores
Supermarkets
Swine Houses
Taverns
Textile Mills and Warehouses
Theaters
Tobacco Factories
Tobacco Warehouses
Tool Sheds
Trains
Transportation Equipment
Truck Trailers
Trucks
Tunnels
Universities
USDA Inspected Facilities
Utilities
Vending Machines
Veterinary Hospitals
Wall and Equipment Voids
Warehouses
Washrooms
Wheat Mills
Wholesale Stores
Wine Cellars
Winerys
Zoos

OUTDOOR AREAS for use in and around:

Alleys
Amphitheaters
Amusement Parks
Athletic Fields (baseball, football, soccer)
Back Yards
Balconies
Baseball Fields
Bleachers
Bridges
Campgrounds
Car Washes
Circuses
Construction Sites
Corrals
Courtyards
Cubs
Drive-In Restaurants
Drive-In Theaters
Dumpsters
Exterior of Homes and Other Buildings
Fair Grounds
Feedinglots
Front Yards
Game Fields
Garbage Dumps
Gardens
Gazebos
Golf Courses
Grandstands
Greenhouses
Junk Yards
Kernals
Levees
Livestock Pasture
Manure Piles
Outdoor Eating Establishments
Outdoor Growing Crops
Parking Lots
Parks
Patos
Playgrounds
Racetracks
Ranges
Recreation Areas
Rest Areas
Roadsides
Rooftops
Sanitary Sewers
School Yards
Side Walks
Side Yards
Stadiums
Tennis Courts
Trees, Shrubs, Flowers
and Foliage Plants
Truck Stops
Underpasses
Urban Areas
Utility Rooms
Outdoors
Weigh Stations
Wild Animal Parks
Wood Piles
Zoos and Other Similar Areas
FOR USE ON:
Beefalo
Birds
Buffalo
Calves
Cattle – beef and milking
Chickens
Donkeys
Ducks
Elk
Emus
Exotics
Geese
Goats
Hogs
Horses
Ostrich
Lambs
Livestock
Oxen
Pheasants
Ponies
Mules
Pulllets
Quail
Ratties
Poultry
Roosters
Sheep
Swine
Turkeys

TO KILL THE FOLLOWING INSECTS:
Angoumois
Grain Moths
Arts (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants)
Aphids
Apple Maggots
Armored Scales
Armyworms
Artichoke
Plume Moths
Asparagus Beetles
Beet Armyworms
Bagworms
Bean Beetles
Beetles
Bermudagrass Mirids
Billbugs
Blister Beetles
Boll Flies
Boll Weevils
Boxelder Bugs
Branch and Twig Borers
Brown Dog Ticks
Cabbage Looper
Cabbage Maggots
Caddis
cankerworms
Carrot Weevils
Caterpillars
Chalcids
Cheese Skippers
Cherry Fruit Flies
Cigarette Beetles
Clover Mites
Clover Weevils
Cockroaches
12-botted Cucumber Beetles
Codling Moths
Colorado Potato Beetles
Confused Flour Beetles
Corn Earworms
Crickets
Crane Flies
Cross-striped Cabbageworms
Cucumber Beetles
Dark Mealworms
Darkling Beetles
(Darker meal worm)
Diamondback Larvae and Moths
Dried Fruit Beetles
Drugstore Beetles
Earwigs
Eastern Tent Caterpillars
Elm Leaf Beetles
Eryophyid Mites
European Pine Tip Moths
Fire worms
Flies
Flea Beetles
Forest Tent Caterpillars
Fruit Flies
Fruit Tree Leaf Rollers
Fruitworms
Fungus Gnats
Garden Symphyllan
Glassy Winged Sharpshooters
Gnats
Grain Mites
Grape Leafhoppers
Grape Leaf Skeletonizers
Grape Mealy Bugs
Grasshoppers
Green Bugs
Greenhouse Thrips
Green Fruit Worms
Green Peach Aphids
Gypsy Moths (adults & larvae)
Harlequin Bugs
Heliothis spp.
Horn Flies
Hornworms
House Flies
Imported Cabbageworms
Indian Meal Moths
Japanese Beetles
Katydids
Lace Bugs
Leaf-footed Plant Bugs
Leaffoppers
Leafminers
Leaffrollers
Leaffiers
Lice
Loopers
Lygus
Maggots
Mealy Bugs
Mediterranean
Flour Moths
Mexican Bean Beetles
Midges
Millipedes
Mites
Mole Crickets
Moths
Mushroom Flies
Navel Orangeworms
Olive Fruit Flies
Onion Maggots
Orange Tortrix
Pacific Flatheaded Borer
Pears Pyllids
Pepper Weevils
Pink Bollworms
Potato Leaffoppers
Potato Tubeworms
Poultry Lice
Proba Bugs
Psyllids
Red Flour Beetles
Rice Weevils
Saltmarsh Caterpillars
Saw-toothed Grain Beetles
Scales
Sharphooters
Sheep “Tick” or Red
Shore Flies
Shot Hole Borers
Silverfish
Skippers
Small Flying Moths
Soft Scales
Southern Chinch Bugs
Sow Bugs
Spiders (excluding Brown Recluse Spiders)

IMPORTANT NOTE: It is recommended that the final spray mix be buffered to a pH of 5.5 - 7.0. Outside of this range pyrethrins can degrade and the product will lose effectiveness.

To avoid possible harm to honey bees and other beneficial insects, it is advisable to apply when the non-target insects are least active.

Pyrethrins degrade rapidly in sunlight. To ensure the best performance, coverage is key. Use spray equipment that will provide the best coverage and direct contact with as many insects as possible.

TANK MIX: This product may be tank mixed with other insecticides, acaricides, fungicides, adjuvants, and wetting agents. This application should conform to accepted use precautions and directions for both products. Tank mix applications must be made in accordance with the more restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label application rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product with label prohibitions against such mixing.

Prior to tank mixing, a compatibility test should be conducted using the proper proportions of products and water to ensure the physical compatibility of the mixture.

PHYTOTOXICITY NOTE: Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides in a greenhouse. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

FOR GROWING CROPS IN GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES: Apply 4.5 to 18 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,331 ml/Ha) by ground equipment in sufficient water for thorough coverage. This product may be applied by air at the rate of 4.5 to 18 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,331 ml/Ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons (75.6L) of water. Mix only enough for immediate use. Spraying should begin when insects first appear. Do not wait until plants are heavily infested. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.


FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE FRUIT, VEGETABLE, FLOWER AND FOLIAGE PLANTS: Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces with 100 gallons (1.25 ml to 2.50 ml/L) of water for applications with conventional sprayers, or 7 to 15 ml (1/4 - 1/2 of a fluid ounce) per gallon (2 ml to 4 ml/L) of water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers.

FOR USE OUTDOORS ON TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE PLANTS: Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate per 100 gallons of water for applications with conventional sprayers or 16 to 32 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate with 10 gallons of water for applications with low volume mist blowers or 1/4 - 1/2 of a fluid ounce per gallon water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers.

FOR USE ON AND AROUND LISTED OUTDOOR AREAS: To kill insects on Turf, Ornamental Plants, Gardens, Landscaping, Foundation Walls and Perimeters mix 1/4 to 1/2 of a fluid ounce of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water for applications with compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers.

FOR USE IN VEGETABLE AND TRUCK GARDENS: For commercial production of listed crops to kill listed insects dilute ¼ to ½ fluid ounces of EVERGREEN Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water (2 ml/ l of water to 4 ml/L of water). Apply diluted solution with all types of agricultural sprayers, including compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers.
USE INDOORS ON TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE PLANTS: Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate with 100 gallons of water for applications with conventional sprayers or 1/4 to 1/2 of a fluid ounce of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers.

FOR USE ON HARVESTED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES: Apples, Blackberries, Blueberries, Boysenberries, Cherries, Crabapples, Currants, Dewberries, Figs, Gooseberries, Grapes, Guavas, Loganberries, Mangoes, Muskmelons, Oranges, Peaches, Pears, Peas, Pineapples, Plums, Raspberries, Tomatoes.

DIRECT SPRAY TO FRUITS IN BASKETS, ON TRUCKS OR IN PROCESSING PLANTS:
To kill Drosophila spp., Tephritid spp., Fruit Flies, Vinegar Flies and other nuisance pests, dilute this concentrate at the rate of 1 part with 900 parts water (1 pint with 125 gallons of water). Thoroughly mix the emulsion in the spray tank and treat as follows:
1) Apply liberally to fruits and vegetables in baskets, on trucks and in plants. Use sprayers at a high pressure for applying at the rate of five or six pints of diluted spray to a 2-ton load of produce. Direct the spray for maximum coverage of the baskets or hampers. It is important to spray between and beneath the containers.
2) Spray the raw stock stacked in the yard.
3) Dip baskets in the diluted spray, after dumping the produce to kill adhering larvae and pupae.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR INDOOR APPLICATIONS
Remove pets and birds and cover fish aquariums before spraying.

Kills only at time of application. Listed insect pests must be directly contacted to be effective.

Do not apply this product in patient rooms or in any rooms while occupied by the elderly or infirm. Patients should be removed prior to treatment. If application is done as a surface spray, patients may re-enter once the spray has dried. If application is done as a space spray, patient rooms should be thoroughly ventilated for 2 hours following spraying, and before returning patients to treated areas.

Do not apply in institutions (including libraries, schools, sports facilities, etc.) in the immediate area where occupants are present. Do not apply to classrooms while in use. Vacate rooms prior to treatment. If application is done as a surface spray, rooms should be thoroughly ventilated for 2 hours following spraying, and before re-entering treated areas.

FOOD AREA USE: Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs. Do not apply directly to food. In the home all food processing surfaces, dishes and utensils should be covered during treatment or thoroughly washed before use.

SURFACE SPRAY:
FOR USE AS A SURFACE SPRAY IN LISTED INDOOR AREAS: To kill accessible, exposed stages of listed crawling insects, dilute 9 fluid ounces with one gallon of water and apply at the rate of 1 gallon to 750 square feet, paying special attention to force the spray into all cracks and crevices.

SPACE SPRAY IN FOOD AND NONFOOD AREAS OF LISTED INDOOR AREAS: For use in mechanical fogging or spraying equipment to kill accessible stages of listed FLYING AND CRAWLING INSECTS. Close room and shut off all air conditioners or ventilating equipment. Dilute at the rate of 1 part concentrate into 1 - 8 parts water (see table below) and mix well. Apply at the rate of 1 fluid ounce of diluted solution per 1,000 cubic feet of space, filling the room with mist. Direct the space treatment upward and whenever practical, keep doors and windows closed for at least 30 minutes after application. Vacate treated area and ventilate before re-entry.

This concentrate may also be diluted with oil. If the product is used in a certified organic facility, check with certification regulations regarding allowed oils. Any oil should also meet Federal Food Additive Regulation requirements as defined by CFR Title 21. Conduct a small jar compatibility test by mixing a small amount of oil and concentrate and observe the physical compatibility of the mixture. Dilute at the rate of 1 part of concentrate with up to 8 parts oil. Apply at the rate of 1 fluid ounce of diluted solution per 1,000 cubic feet of space.

When this product is applied as a space spray in food processing or food handling establishment applications should be confined to time periods when the plant is not in operation.

### Dilution Table for Surface Spray

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fluid ounces of concentrate per gallon of solution</th>
<th>Pounds of pyrethrum per gallon of solution</th>
<th>Percent pyrethrins in solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.0032</td>
<td>0.39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.0064</td>
<td>0.078%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.0096</td>
<td>0.118%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.0128</td>
<td>0.159%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.0160</td>
<td>0.200%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.0192</td>
<td>0.242%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.0224</td>
<td>0.284%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>0.0256</td>
<td>0.328%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.0380</td>
<td>0.508%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.0510</td>
<td>0.702%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>0.0700</td>
<td>1.020%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FOR FEDERALLY INSPECTED MEAT AND POULTRY PROCESSING FACILITIES:**

To kill accessible, exposed stages of listed crawling insects, dilute 9 fluid ounces with one gallon of water and apply at the rate of 1 gallon to 750 square feet, paying special attention to force the spray into all cracks and crevices.

### Dilution Table for ULV Foggers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dilution ratio</th>
<th>Ratio of concentrate to solution by volume</th>
<th>Ratio of water to solution by volume</th>
<th>Pounds of pyrethrum per 1,000 cu. ft. when applied at 1 fl. oz. per 1,000 cu. ft.</th>
<th>Percent pyrethrins in solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Undiluted</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.0032</td>
<td>5.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>0.0016</td>
<td>2.47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>0.0011</td>
<td>1.65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>0.00101</td>
<td>1.23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>0.00064</td>
<td>0.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.11</td>
<td>0.89</td>
<td>0.00035</td>
<td>0.547%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FOR USE ON SWEET POTATOES IN STORAGE: To kill Fruit Flies and Vinegar Flies, dilute this concentrate at 1 part to 14 parts water (9 fluid ounces with one gallon of water). Apply as a space fog with a mechanical fogger capable of producing particles of aerosol size at the rate of 1 gallon diluted spray per 100,000 cubic feet of space. Apply only when flying insects are present. Several applications may be necessary during periods of heavy infestation, but do not make more than 10 applications.

FOR USE ON STORED PRODUCTS: The product can be used to kill accessible stages of listed insects on the following stored commodities: Almond Nutmeat and Shells, Barley, Beans, Birdseed, Buckwheat, Cocoa Beans, Corn, Cottonseed, Dried Apricots, Dried Fruit, Dried Prunes, Figs, Flax, Grain Nuts, Oats, Peanut, Pistachio, Raisins, Rice, Ryegrain, Tobacco, Wheat, and Walnut Nutmeat and Shells held in storage.

DRIED FRUIT PRODUCTS IN STORAGE OR BEING PROCESSED: To kill the following stored product pests: Dried Fruit Beetle and Saw-Toothed Grain Beetle. Remove and destroy infested products. Dilute concentrate at the rate of 1 part concentrate to 8 parts water and mix well. Disperse the solution as a fine mist in the air above the trays and shelves. Do not apply to fruit directly. If the solution is applied as a space spray, use one ounce diluted spray per 1,000 cubic feet of space. Immediately following application, leave the room closed off for 1 hour. Thoroughly ventilate the treated area before re-entry. Do not apply more than 1 time per day. Sweep up and destroy fallen insects.

ON ALMONDS, PEANUTS, PISTACHIOS AND WALNUTS IN BULK OR IN BAGS: To kill the following stored product insects: Almond Moths, Angoumois Grain Moths, Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants), Cadellis, Cigarette Beetles, Confused Flour Beetles, Drugstore Beetles, Flat Grain Beetles, Granary Weevils, Indian Meal Moths, Lesser Grain Borers, Maize Weevils, Mediterranean Flour Moths, Merchant Grain Beetles, Red Flour Beetles, Rice Weevils, Rusty Grain Beetles, Saw-Toothed Grain Beetles and Square-necked Grain Beetles, dilute 2.0 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water and apply as a coarse wet spray over the top of stored nuts or the outside surface of stacked bagged nuts at the rate of 4 gallons per 1,000 square feet. Apply at weekly intervals for about 6 weeks and then at 15-day intervals. The first two applications should be applied at the rate of 4 gallons per 1,000 square feet and subsequent treatments should be applied at the rate of 2 gallons per 1,000 square feet.

TREATMENT OF STORED GRAIN AND SEED AREAS: For best results to kill stored product pests in grain and seed storage areas and stored grain and seed, treat the area when it is empty of product, as a protectant applied as commodity is put into storage, and as a surface spray once it is in storage.

FOR USE IN STORAGE SITES: This concentrate can be used to treat grain and seed in warehouse bins and trucks, cargo ships, bins, hopper elevators and conveying equipment as a clean up prior to using them for storage. In mills and elevators, all grain-infested accumulations should be removed from the bin hoppers. All storage areas and conveying equipment should be thoroughly cleaned by sweeping out the waste grain, cobwebs and other debris from the walls and rafters as well as on the floor and door frames with special attention to material lodged in the cracks and crevices. All debris should be removed and burned to kill eggs and insects that might be present.

For farms, particular attention should be given to cleaning up around the used feed and grain bags, grain residues from wagons, harvesting equipment and feed troughs. Newly harvested grain should not be placed in the same bin with carry-over grain, and all carry-over grain stocks that are not treated with grain protectant should be fumigated. These cleaning operations should be done within two or three weeks before harvest.

After above sanitation measures have been employed, spray all areas prior to use for storage with 1 part to 22 parts water (6 fluid ounces with one gallon of water) up to 1 part to 8 parts (1 pint with one gallon of water). Apply at the rate of one gallon per 750 square feet on walls, floors, ceilings and partition boards of bins, paying particular attention to forcing the spray into all cracks and crevices.

FOR USE AS A GRAIN PROTECTANT: This concentrate when diluted with water and sprayed directly on grains will effectively protect the grain against grain storage insects for a full season or approximately 8 months. Dilute at the rate of 1 part to 22 parts water (6 fluid ounces with one gallon of water). Thoroughly mix the emulsion and apply at the rate of 5 gallons per 1,000 bushels of grain as it is carried along a belt or as it enters the auger on small grain bags, grain residues from wagons, harvesting equipment and feed troughs. Newly harvested grain stock that are not treated with grain protectant should be fumigated. These cleaning operations should be done within two or three weeks before harvest.

Monthly inspections should be made. If the top 2 or 3 inches are infested, re-treat applying at the rate of 2 gallons of diluted material per 1,000 bushels of stored product.

SURFACE TREATMENT OF STORED GRAIN AND SEED: To kill Indian Meal Moths, Angoumois Grain Moths and Mediterranean Flour Moths, monthly inspections should be made after the grain is placed in storage. If the top two or three inches are infested, dilute 1 part Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate with 14 parts of water and apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 1,000 square feet of grain. Rake the mixture into the grain to a depth of 4 inches.

FOR USE ON LISTED ANIMALS:
1) To kill Horn Flies, House Flies and Gnats, dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per gallon (12 ml to 24 ml/L) of water and apply to wet hair thoroughly, paying particular attention to the top of the head, back, flanks, withers and other infested areas. Repeat treatment at intervals of 5 to 12 days for small insect populations or as needed when flies are emerging in large numbers.

2) To kill stable flies, dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon (20 ml to 32 ml/L) of water and apply at a quart per adult animal to wet hair thoroughly, paying particular attention to the neck, back, flanks, withers and other body areas commonly attacked by these flies. Repeat treatment each week as needed.

3) To kill face flies, dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon (20 ml/L) of water and apply using spray, which produces large wetting droplets. Apply to face of animal in the morning before releasing to pasture. Apply sufficiently to wet the face but not more than 1-1/2 ounces (28.35 g – 42.52 g) of spray solution per animal. Repeat daily as needed.

4) To kill biting and sucking lice on livestock, dilute at the rate of 1 quart with 60 gallons (226.8 L) of water (1.5 fluid ounces with 2 gallons (6 L)) and spray to thoroughly wet hair of animal, including the head and brush of the tail. Repeat treatment in 10 days to kill newly hatched lice.

5) To kill poultry lice, dilute 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces of concentrate per gallon (20 ml to 32 ml/L) of water. Spray roosts, walls and nests or cages thoroughly. It is not necessary to remove poultry from the housing unit during treatment. This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist.

6) To kill miles on poultry and in poultry houses, dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon (20 ml to 32 ml/L) of water and spray crevices of roost poles, cracks in walls and cracks in nests where the miles hide. This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist.

7) To kill sheep “Tick” or Ked, dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per 4 gallons (3 ml to 6 ml/L) of water and thoroughly wet all portions of the body by dipping or spraying with sufficient pressure and with a nozzle adjustment to give penetration of the wool. Treat at a rate sufficient to wet the animal.

8) To kill fleas and brown dog ticks on livestock and to obtain protection against reinfection, dilute at the rate of 9 fluid ounces per gallon (71 ml/L) of water and wet the animal by dipping or spraying. This product may also be used for livestock/pet quarters. Do not spray pets. For results against fleas and brown dog ticks on dogs and cats, spray kennels and/or animal quarters and bedding should be treated. Remove and destroy pet’s old bedding. To reduce infestation, thoroughly spray the animal’s bedding and sleeping quarters. Also spray the entire inside surface of dog houses. Put fresh bedding in pet’s quarters after spray has dried. Also treat dogs and cats [pets] with a registered flea and tick control product before allowing them to reenter treated area.

9) To kill adult darkling beetle (lesser meal worm) in poultry houses, dilute 2.0 – 5.0 teaspoons (10 – 25 ml) of EVERGREEN® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water. Using a power or proportioner-type sprayer, apply a uniform spray until wet at pressures of 80 to 100 pounds per square inch to surfaces such as interior walls, roosting posts, structural support pillars, and other surfaces where adult beetles are observed. One gallon of spray mixture covers 250 – 500 square feet (23 m2 – 46 m2). Do not contaminate food/feed or water. For maximum effectiveness, treatments should coincide with each growout or sanitation procedure. Indoor control can be enhanced by making perimeter treatments around the outside of buildings. To prevent immigrating adult beetles, apply a uniform band of spray 2 feet (0.6 m) up and 1-4 feet (0.3 – 1.2 m) out from the foundation.

FOR USE IN BARNS, DAIRIES, MILKING PARLORS, MILKING ROOMS AND POULTRY HOUSES: To kill the following flying insects: Fruit Flies, Gnats and Small Flying Moths, dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon of water. Apply as a fog or fine mist (at approximately 2 fluid ounces per 1,000 cubic feet of space, directing the nozzle for maximum coverage and above livestock and poultry toward the ceiling and upper corners of the area being treated. For best results, close doors and windows before spraying, and keep them closed for 15 minutes immediately following application. Applicator should exit the treated area immediately, and thoroughly ventilate it before re-entry. Sweep up and destroy fallen insects.
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE:
Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:
Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:
Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For containers with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons: Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinse into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinse for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION
Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using toilet. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants; chemical-resistant gloves, such as, Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton; shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacture’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep PPE and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations:
Users should: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equivalent wash-waters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION PRECAUCIÓN
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que le explice a usted en detalle.

(Find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID
IF SWALLOWED:
• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES:
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-888-740-8712 for emergency medical treatment information.

EPA Reg. No. 1021-2560
EPA Est. No. 1021-MN-2
Rev. 0711-0911

All other marks are property of their respective holders. Manufactured by MGK®.
©2011 MGK. All rights reserved.
8810 Tenth Avenue North, Minneapolis, MN 55427
2.5M-1111